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LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.

VOLUME VIII.

LOUISVILLE, KY. MONDAY, MARCH 1, 1852.

NUMBER 152.

JOHN F. BAST,

No. 526 Main Street, between Third and Fourth, North Side,
MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN CIGARS, SNUFF, SMOKING
AND CHEWING TOBACCO, HAVANA, CUBA, FLORIDA,
CONNECTICUT SEED, AND KENTUCKY LEAF.—ALSO—
CHINA, WOODEN, MEERSCHAUM, WHITE CLAY AND STONE PIPES,
FRENCH, GERMAN AND SCOTCH SNUFF BOXES, &c., &c.HAVING taken the above locality on Main street, I have fitted up and am now in the receipt of a very extensive
stock of goods pertaining to my line of business.Thankful for the very liberal patronage extended to me heretofore, I hope for a continuance of the same, now that the facilities in my business are
greatly extended in the new locality.

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payable weekly to the Carriers, or per week,
quarterly in advance of the Office. All sub-
scribers by the year can avail themselves of
this privilege.

Democratic Ticket, 1852.

FOR PRESIDENT,
STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, of Illinois.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
R. M. T. HUNTER, of Virginia.

MONDAY, : : : MARCH 1, 1852.

FOR SALE AT THE DESK.

Copies of the Daily Paper can be procured at
the desk, with or without envelopes, at 5 cents
per single copy or 35 cents per dozen.

WHAT WILL YOU GIVE FOR THE UNION?—This Union has many noisy friends, who are ready to volunteer to save it on all occasions. It has been saved several times within the past few years, and great efforts are still made to save it again. For this purpose a Union party has been formed, whose special object is to see that the public suffers no injury.

The pretensions of this party interfere very seriously with the peculiar province of the whigs. They have always taken the Union in charge, and volunteered their patriotic services for its sake. They offer at all times to take up, on themselves the high responsibilities of office, with all its cares and burdens, if they can thereby save the Union from the wicked machinations and designs of its many adversaries.

An old fashioned notion prevailed once that the integrity of the Union was the first object of all parties; and that it was to be preserved by a strict observance of the constitution; for the constitution is violated, the Union is really not worth preserving. It is only valuable whilst the constitution is preserved with at least tolerable fidelity.

It is, moreover, the duty of all to avoid the exercise of power manifestly unconstitutional, when it may annoy and irritate any section of the Union. Still more is it a duty to avoid the exercise of doubtful and questionable powers, if opposed and detested by any of the States.

It should require a great State necessity, obvious to all, to justify an act of the federal government believed by any considerate portion of the civilized world, each nation has an inalienable right to its internal policy, and establish upon particular localities. The prosperity and progress of the Union needs no such acts.

The Union has been threatened on two or three occasions. We know the cause in each case, and should therefore avoid it. The attempt to exercise the power of protection, as the whigs call it—really protection to some and oppression to others—has brought this Union once to the verge of civil war. The attempt to exercise power over the institution of slavery has had a similar effect. The policy of legislating on such subjects is a favorite one with many who make high professions of attachment to the Union. We ask such what they are willing to give for the Union? How much self denial are you willing to exercise for the great object you seem to have at heart? Is the manufacture of a few more tons of iron, or a few more yards of woollen or cotton cloth, worth any injury to the harmony and fraternal feeling of these States?

Is the existence or non-existence of slavery on a few more acres of ground worth more than this Union?

We know what the action of Congress on these subjects has done. It has not, indeed, dissolved the Union; but it has been the fruitful source of all the apprehensions that have been felt. Is it, then, too much to ask of any friend of the Union, who is honest in his professions, to abandon a policy which has put it in jeopardy?

We think not; and we doubt the sincerity of the furious zeal for the Union which has no scruple to plunge it into danger. Plainly, then, let each one ask himself how much self-denial, how much pride of opinion, how much sectional feeling, will you give for the Union?

Resolved, That we approve and endorse the administration of our present Governor, Joseph A. Wright, and that we pledge to him, as nominee for re-election, in the approaching contest, our hearty support.

Resolved, That we have undiminished confidence in the devoted and well tried Democracy of our distinguished and able Senator in Congress, James Whitcomb, and Jesus D. Bright, and that we fully endorse their Senatorial action.

Resolved, That Joseph Lane, the State Legislator, the gallant General, the Territorial Governor, tried in the Council Chamber, tried in the tented field, tried in the executive chair, and never found wanting, is, of the people of Indiana, the first choice for the Presidency. While we repose entire confidence alike in his administrative capacity, in his firmness, in his sense of justice, and in his unwavering devotion to the welfare of the nation, we rejoice in the support of the nominee of the national Convention, let the choice of the majority fall as it will, fully trusting the judgment and devotion to principle of our Delegates to that Convention.

Resolved, further, That we leave said delegates untrammelled by instructions as to persons, to act as their convictions of right and propriety at the time, may dictate.

Resolved, however, That, in casting the vote of the State, the said delegates be instructed to give it, throughout, to the candidate not by separate districts; the name of the person so voted for, to be, at all times, determined by a majority of the votes of said delegates.

Resolved, That if Gen. Joseph Lane be the democratic nominee for President of the national convention, we pledge to him the vote of Indiana; that the honor of whose sons has so nobly vindicated—by a majority, as we consider it, as truly believe, in a superstyle. Ladies Dresses dyed black without being taken apart, and on dress terms.

N. B. Curtains, Piano Covers, Carpets and Hearths cleaned, at

JOHNSON'S S. 100ft. of Tippecanoe, John H. Lane of Dearborn.

CONTINENTAL.—E. H. Allen of Brown of Ohio, John W. Davis of Sullivan, W. J. Brown of Marion, Joseph S. Buckley of Delaware, W. H. McCord of Vicksburg, M. G. Brown of Jefferson.

DELEGATES AT LARGE.—E. H. Allen of Brown of Ohio, John W. Davis of Sullivan, W. J. Brown of Marion, Joseph S. Buckley of Delaware, W. H. McCord of Vicksburg, M. G. Brown of Jefferson.

THE Buffalo Commercial says that while Barnum is making such a bother about Temperance Reform, and urging all the Legislatures of all the States to accept of Maine as their moral mentor, and while he is playing the "great, moral, temperance drama," at his Museum, he is receiving enormous rents for two if not more of the most notorious retail rum shops in the city of New York.

If the line of the plank road which it is proposed to extend from Milwaukee to Mackinaw, passes two hundred miles through an unbroken wilderness.

Madame Patti, a Hungarian Songstress, giving concerts in Columbus, Ohio.

Indiana State Convention.
The following are the resolutions adopted by the democratic State Convention, held at Indianapolis on Monday the 23d inst:

Resolved, That the nominating committee be instructed not to report the names of any member of Congress as a delegate to the National democratic convention, which did not prevail.

Mr. Geo. W. Brown, of Shelby, offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That in any district where a majority of the counties have instructed in favor of any particular individual for Senatorial elector or territorial delegate, such instructions shall govern the member of the committee from that district.

Mr. Coleman, of Floyd, offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That this convention recommend that the National convention of 1856, be held in the city of Louisville or Cincinnati.

The committee on resolutions, by their chairman, Robert Dale Owen, made the following report:

Mr. PRESIDENT. The committee appointed to prepare and report to this convention, a series of resolutions for consideration, submit the following, and respectfully recommend and their adoption:

Resolved, That the good old democratic principles, to-wit: a strict construction of the Constitution and no assumption of doubtful powers; no encroachment by the general government on the proper rights of the States; no connection between the General or State governments and banks; no connection between church and State; no tariff beyond what is strictly necessary for revenue purposes; no vast system of internal improvement either by the General government or the States; no debt, either by the General government, or by the States, except for purposes of urgent necessity; no grants of exclusive chartered privileges, by special legislation, to banks; no proscription for honest opinions; a simple and frugal government, securing life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness with the least possible amount of legislation; no encroachment by the general government on the rights of the States; with all the rights of the democratic party; with which inscribed upon our banner, "No man's right to interfere with the rights of another"; with a small portion of the country, she has reached her present power and prosperity; and that we receive and recognize as members of the great democratic family, all men, no matter what their creed or country, who acknowledge in theory, and carry out in practice, these unchanging principles; the same yesterday, to-day, and forever.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this convention, the common sentiment of the people of Indiana is to stand, and all of that series of acts of Congress, commonly known as the Compromise measures; that it recognises, to one which it used to be above as broad, the PARENTHETIC PREPARATION, but one which if used in season will save the lives of thousands; and persons MAY MAKE THIS BABY LIV IN AGENTES from whom their purchase, that it even exceeds the value of according to directions, and return satisfaction if not given in 24 or 48 hours, they will be entitled to a full refund, and enquire perfect health last winter, for the first winter for eleven years, being covered with a severe eruption of the skin which did not last winter to four months every winter and spring until last winter.

Henry E. Jones, a brother merchant and a particular friend of ours, took two bottles of the Yellow Duck for a Scrofulous eruption, which has worked an entire cure.

My store is corner of Wisconsin Avenue and Walnut street, Yours, Respectfully,

CHARLES E. CASE.

Feb 27 d&w1 Louisville, Ky.

**EXTRACT OF A LETTER FROM AN XTEN-
SIVE MERCHANT IN NEENAH, WIS.**

WISCONSIN, Oct. 29th, 1851.
Mr. JOHN D. PARK.—Dear Sir:—I send you my
Wister's Balsam of Wild Cherry and "Dr. Guy's Extract of Sarsaparilla." This medicine has been prescribed by many physicians, and is of great service in general debility, Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic and Nervous Diseases, in all Female Complaints.

In the use of this medicine the patient constantly gains strength and vigor, a fact worthy of great consideration. It is pleasant to the taste and smell, and can be used by persons of all ages, old and young, and is safe under any circumstances. I am speaking from experience.

ROBERT S. SKINNER,

Room 10, College Building, Walnut, St., Cin-

neton. I am to certify that I am acquainted with Mr. Skinner, and I believe his statement to be entitled to the full confidence of the public.

S. D. HOWE,
No. 1, College Building.

Call on the agent and get a pamphlet gratis. The treatise on Consumption is worth more than the price of this medicine. You will find certificates of physicians in Cincinnati, and of others whose cure has been effected here at home, where they can be found.

The public has been imposed upon by remedies, recommended by certificates which have always originated from some unknown source. We believe that a single dose of Dr. Guy's Extract of Sars Extract will effect a cure which is as broad as the width of the Union.

Wister's Balsam of Wild Cherry and "Dr. Guy's Extract of Yellow Duck and Sarsaparilla." Please for

REED, D.—Dear Sir:—I send you the foregoing certificate, and for so am acquainted with his case, it is

I procured it, thinking it might be of service to you and to the afflicted. You have the privilege of using it as you think best.

W. A. BEERS,

1841, Cincinnati, Ohio.

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THE DEMOCRAT.

MONDAY, : : : MARCH 1, 1852.

17 Wabash river at the latest accounts was too low for safe navigation.

17 One hundred and ninety prisoners were in the Indiana Penitentiary when it burned.

17 The honey bees have made their appearance and commenced operations.

17 We learn that there will be a called session of the Common Council this week.

17 The new steamer Eclipse, starts for New Orleans about the 8th inst.

17 John C. Noble, of the Hopkinsville Press, is at present in the city.

17 Scott's Panoramas opens at Mozart Hall tomorrow night.

17 The wet weather on Saturday, put a stop to out door business entirely.

17 The Eastern mail is now brought by the way of Lexington.

17 A large quantity of counterfeit money is now in circulation. Look out!

17 The citizens of the Southwest are contributing liberally to the funds of the American Colonization Society.

17 The office of the Jersey City Sentinel, together with its type and fixtures, was consumed by fire on Wednesday week.

17 It is stated that the fare on the Pennsylvania railroad, after to day, will be reduced to 24 cents per mile.

17 We are indebted to the clerk of the Cornelius for river favors. The Cornelius leaves for Tennessee river to-morrow.

17 A passenger who came down on the Wisconsin with Kossuth and suite, to Madison, had his pocket picked of \$1,500.

17 Fresh shades, from Charleston, are now delighting the palates of the epicures of Philadelphia and New York.

17 Ole Bull paid a visit to Mr. Clay on Saturday, and executed several fine pieces of music in his room.

17 The barque Buckeye is the name of a new merchant vessel just built at Cincinnati. It is of 340 burthen, and 115 feet long.

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17 For the Louisville Democrat.—LOUISVILLE, Feb. 28, 1852.

17 **Messrs. Editors:** Will you be so kind as to inform the citizens of Louisville and Portland when, if ever, we are to have a plank road between these two places? There is no place in the United States, I presume, where a plank road is so much needed, and where it is the only road that will answer the purpose. At present, we have next to no road about one-half the distance between the two shipping points, and we have many days—yes, you may say a large portion of the year—500 tons and more to be drawn from point to point; and at this time one hoghead of sugar will stall a good team, when, on a plank road, four or five would be no load. Now, sirs, the plank road can be done in forty or fifty days as well as in five or six months. I do not wish to be understood as finding fault with those who have the contracts. I am certain if the city fathers should say to those gentlemen—"You must finish the road by the 1st or 10th of April," that it will be done, as I know there is no difficulty in obtaining the lumber.

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To the Editors of the Louisville Democrat:

BALTIMORE, Feb. 23, 1852.

Messrs. Editors: The de-creed influence of your paper induces "a democrat" to request the publication of the enclosed. Every attentive observer of passing events must accord with the opinion expressed by you, that our victory this fall will be preceded by one of the greatest party struggles known to the history of our country.

The power of our party, and the great interests of the country involved in its exercise, can be successful only by the selection of a candidate of national character, without sectional prejudice or association, and of a popular as broad and comprehensive as the public gratitude due to years of faithful public service. It begins to be conceded that neither Gen. Cass nor Mr. Buchanan can be elected, even if they carry the nomination of the convention. They are able men, and faithful democrats, but you must omit the important word *available* in the description of their characters. The title exhibited by the friends of Mr. Buchanan to the concentrated vote of the South, even if it be as perfect as they claim, will withdraw from him the powerful northern vote. While General Cass, with the fatal defection in New York familiar to his friends, cannot count upon a single State to be affected by southern sympathy. Douglas is not yet ripe enough for this important office. He can hide his time, and it may bring with it the season of fullest honor.

With this calm survey of the field of action, we confidently point your attention to General John E. Wool, the soldier and the civilian, as the man whom the people will delight to honor in their grateful sense of civil and military services rendered to his country. We would not disparage the high pretensions of Gen. Butler; but the argument of northern location in favor of Gen. Wool must not be passed as *insignificant*. His native State, New York, will hail his nomination, as with the voice of her Niagara, with loud acclaim. He will then have a majority unknown to the previous records of party contest. With no cliques to surround and obscure his judgment, he will stand before the country as he stood upon the field of Buena Vista—the undaunted representative of the sovereign power of the United States. He relies upon the people; and while he will select for his cabinet council those whose political experience and wisdom commend them as safe guides, he will make those selections from the *democratic party of the Union*—from men who stand, like him, on the "Baltimore platform," without regard to section, prejudice, or faction. Resembling Gen. Jackson in many of his attributes, he is *one and the same* with him in a firmness which no influence can swerve from the path of delegated duty. We cannot hazard the election of the next President, and Gen. Wool is the *only* candidate who, if nominated, might certainly be announced "in advance of the mail."

QUEENSTOWN.—
[From the New Bedford Standard.]
BALTIMORE, Dec. 24, 1851.
Mr. Editor—Dear Sir: Your paper of the 15th, is before me, in which you intiate "that there is a movement in the interior of the State of New York as regards the nomination of Gen. John E. Wool, for the Presidency. I like those words "movement of the people," and there never was an occasion in which they could be more appropriate. The people are to be won over to the side of the "Baltimore platform," without regard to section, prejudice, or faction. Resembling Gen. Jackson in many of his attributes, he is *one and the same* with him in a firmness which no influence can swerve from the path of delegated duty. We cannot hazard the election of the next President, and Gen. Wool is the *only* candidate who, if nominated, might certainly be announced "in advance of the mail."

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LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22, 1852.

Messrs. Editors: We had a sort of anti-Kossuth demonstration yesterday, under the pretense of celebrating the anniversary of Washington's birth-day. The company was very small and select, and Commodore Stockton, of the U. S. Senate, was invited to give the affair something of a democratic aspect. Set speeches were made by persons selected for that purpose, and the barthen of all of them was continuation of the Washingtonian policy of non-intervention. Tickets at \$5 each were to be had at Willard's Hotel, and from the members of the committee; but very few outsiders came, and a good many tickets remained unsold. This was all in favor of the landlord, who, no doubt, had made a bargain for so much a head, I presume, and removed into her nursery, as it is not visible this morning, and we are in the enjoyment of a bland April-like day.

This is the occasion of the celebration of the anniversary of the birth of the great prototype of an amazing small number of American patriots—GEO. WASHINGTON. May his character ever be dear to republicans hearts. Would that our statesmen and partisan editors, who are so fond of quoting him, when it serves their own selfish ends, and profess to a veneration to his memory, had removed into her nursery, as it is not visible this morning, and we are in the enjoyment of a bland April-like day.

We read in the word of God, (Mat., xvi. 18, 19.) "Ye hypocrites, well did Esaias prophesy of you, saying: This people draweth nigh unto me with their mouth, and honoreth me with their lips; but their heart is far from me." A similar censure, perhaps, would be applied to some of those "distinguished Americans" in Congress and elsewhere, who have recently pretended to have quaffed deep draughts of political wisdom and patriotism from the lips of the people.

17 Havre Cotton Market.—The announcement of large shipments which commenced on the 11th and was well sustained on the 12th and 13th. The pressure on the stock is much less than for some time past. Sales for to day amount 20,000; exports total 3500 and speculators 1500. The market closed firm at about 16 1/2 advances.

17 Liverpool Cotton Market shows more buoyancy, which commenced on the 11th and was well sustained on the 12th and 13th. The pressure on the stock is much less than for some time past. Sales for to day amount 20,000; exports total 3500 and speculators 1500. The market closed firm at about 16 1/2 advances.

17 Provision market dull. Mess Pork, \$14 1/2. Bacon unchanged. Ham, \$14 1/2. Butter, \$14 1/2. Eggs, \$14 1/2. Bacon unchanged. Ham, \$14 1/2. Butter, \$14 1/2. Eggs, \$14 1/2.

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[From the London Gem.]
THE RETURN.

AN INTERESTING FRENCH TALE.

It was on a pedestrian tour through the southern provinces of France, that I was one evening surprised by the approach of darkness, while yet uncertain as to the distance of the village where I proposed to sleep, or indeed, whether I might not have strayed from the path I had been directed to pursue. Not the beautiful tints that yet lingered in the golden west, nor the delicious fragrance that breathed around me, would wholly dispel that vague feeling of uneasiness which pervades the mind on being overtaken by night in a strange and lonely spot. It was a relief, therefore, to hear at no great distance behind, a French air whistled in tones that seemed to spring from a light and jocund heart; and I gladly awaited the approach of the traveller—a fine martial-looking youth in soldier's habiliments, with a knapsack strapped at his back—who doffed his cap on perceiving me, saluting me at the same time with the frank and free air of his nation. In reply to my inquiries, he informed me that he was bound to the village of which I was in quest; "but had it been otherwise," continued he, "I should have felt it as much a duty as a pleasure to have guided a gentleman and a stranger."

"Yet I had been loath," I replied, "to trespass on the time of one who is probably returning home after a long absence."

"Nearly three years," said he, "but my campaigns are now ended; and it is my present hope to find happiness in the bosom of my native village."

"Measuring of course, that which we are approaching?"

"No," he answered, "not exactly—my home lies a league to the right. Monsieur would probably remember a path that turned aside through a thick grove of trees."

"I recollect it well," I replied; "for I was near going astray at that very point, the road looked so invitingly—but how is it you have passed your proper way?"—"if on my account, a simple direction?"

"No," he returned, laughing and hesitating a little—"home was dear, and parents were dear, but yet I have a strange desire to see!"

"One dearer yet! You are an enviable fellow," I exclaimed, "whom so much happiness awaits, while I may be well content to gain the shelter of an abode, sorry enough perhaps."

"Sorry! no, no—I would challenge all France to produce so delightful an abode as that to which I am conducting you—the old woman is the best and kindest of creatures, and for Justice!"

"Well for Justice," said I.

"She is just the loveliest and dearest girl that ever beamed goodness from a bright eye! In short, Monsieur, for why should I hide, feeling of which I am proud; Justice is that one person, whom I long to see."

"A betrothed mistress, I suppose?"

"No, she was too young when I joined the army—scarcely fifteen! and I; what had I to offer but an honest heart; and though I loved her better than life, as might never have returned, you know, it had been ungenerous to betray her into a promise that she would have repented, perhaps, after I was gone!"

"Very just and honorable," I observed.

"Hark, Monsieur!" he exclaimed, they are dancing—some gala day—a wedding perhaps?" He paused and attempted to laugh, but did not succeed. "Hush! it is all over now—all over. What am I saying? It may indeed be all over!"

"Let us at least proceed," said I, seeing him stand mute and motionless.

"Monsieur is right—it were well to know the worst at once. Oh, that we had been half an hour sooner."

A few minutes now brought us to the hamlet, beautifully and pastorally situated by the side of a rapid stream whose murmuring harmonized sweetly with the stillness and serenity of the hour. A few minutes more, and we were at the door of the abode.

"Excuse me, Monsieur," said Henri, pressing on my arm with a hand that trembled with emotion, "who knows what may have happened? I have a strange fancy to look in at the window. Ha! there sits Justine herself—her dark hair braided with flowers—she cannot!"—he paused for breath; "she cannot be a bride; yet that wreath looks like a bridal coronet. No—no—it is not so—she weeps! oh! that I might kiss away those tears!—and besides, there is no man in the cottage, after all;—only the good old woman hung over her. Monsieur had better proceed."

We entered the cottage, where our arrival seemed to work an immediate change. If Justine had been weeping, her tears were dead. Henri was welcomed with enthusiasm as an old and valued friend; and both mother and daughter were instantly active and solicitous in the service of a stranger and a traveller. In particular, in spite of her holiday array, bestirred herself to spread forth a supper, from which however, she fled with precipitation on the hinted fears of Henri as to her marriage; and I even thought I perceived a convulsive shudder through her frame.

"Do not say that again," cried the old woman, pressing his hand, "it cuts my poor Justine to the heart!"

"Plague on my tongue," exclaimed Henri, "I would not wound her feelings for the world!"

"I know it my dear boy, and therefore will tell you all; and why should I mind Monsieur—we who are innocent of wrong have nothing to conceal:—the truth then is that Arnaud; you remember Arnaud, Henri."

"Ay, ay," returned the soldier impudently, "for no good though!"

"Well, it was about last half that he began to notice Justine, and from that he grew more particular, till at last!"

"Mother, say not that Justine loves him, for he—he never loved any but himself, and although he be wealthy!"

"Alack! wealthy he is not, for his vineyards were all blighted," said the old woman; but Justine looked not for a moment from the scene of their business.

"Remain, 20 per cent can be saved by calling at the

United States Clothing Depot

The proprietor having removed from the Northeast corner of Market and Third streets, to the North side of Market, one door below Fourth street, until the completion of the new house, where he is particularly interested in the welfare of the public to his large and varied assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,
AND FURNISHING GOODS.

Among the large sales and small profits, I am confident that I can do better for a cent, cheaper than any other house West of the Mountains.

Grateful for the very liberal patronage of my friends and the public, I shall endeavor to merit a full measure of their business.

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W. B. BELKNAP,

Proprietor.

HOPE Yarns,—250 bags assortments, ready for per seamstress Clipper and Navigator, and for sale on account of manufacturers, by

E. J. MARTIN & CO.

febd 20

To be continued.

febd 20

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